INCREASES IN TARIFF ARE DESIGNED TO PRODUCE \$240,000,000

ments, or (b) admitting any person free to any place for admission to which a charge is made shall collect the amount of the tax imposed by sec-tion 700 from the persons so admitted, and (c) in either case shall make re-turns and payments of the amounts so collected at the same time and in the same manner as provided in section manner as provided in section 508 of this act.

TITLE VIII .- WAR STAMP TAXES. sec 800. That on and after the first day of June, 1917, there shall be levied, collected and paid for and in respect of the several bonds, debentures or certificates of stock and of indebtedness and other documents, instruments, matters and things mentioned and described in Schedule A of this title or for or in respect of the vellum, parch-ment or paper upon which such instruments, matters or things, or any of them, are written or printed by any person, corporation, partnership or as-sociation who makes, signs or issues the same or for whose use or benefit the same are made, signed or issued, the several taxes specified in such

c. 801. That there shall not be taxed under this title any bond, note or other instrument issued by the United States, or by any foreign Govern-ment, or by any State or local subdi-vision thereof, or municipal or other corporation exercising the taxing power, when issued in the exercise of strictly governmental, taxing or mu-

ec. Sez. That whoever makes, signs, issues or receives, or causes to be made,
signed or issued, any instrument, document or paper of any description
whatsoever without the tax thereon
being duly paid is guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof meanor and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not more than \$100. discretion of the court, for each

such offence, Sec. 803. That whoever (A) Forges or counterfeits any stamp, die, plate or other article or any part thereof which is provided, made or used in pursuance of this title; (B) Forges, counterfeits or resembles the impression or any part thereof, of any such stamp, die, plate or other article upon any veilum, parchment, or paper; (C) Stamps or marks any vellum, parchment or paper, with any such forged or counterfeited stamp, die, plate or other article, or part thereof, with intent to defraud the United States or any tax imposed by this title; (D) Utters, sells or exposes for sale any vellum, parchiment or paper, article, or thing bearing the impression of any such counterfeited stamp, die, plate or other article or any part thereof, or any such other counterfeit or resembled impression or part thereof, knowing the same to be forged, counterfeited or resembled; (E) Knowingly uses or permits, with intent to defraud the United States, the use of any stamp, die, plate or other article provided, made or used in pursuance of this title; (F) fraudulently cuts, tears or removes from any veilum, parchment, paper, instrument or writing upon which any tax is imposed by this title. any adhesive stamp or the impression of any stamp, die or other article pro-rides, made or used in pursuance of this title; (G) fraudulently uses, joins, fixes or places to, with or upon any veilum, parchment, paper, instrument, or writing upon which any tax is im-posed by this title, any adhesive stamp or the impression of any stamp, die, plate or other article which has been provided, made or used in pursuance of this title or which has been cut, torn or removed from any other vel-lum, parchment, paper, instrument or writing upon which any tax is im-posed by this title; (H) wilfully removes or alters the cancellation or defacing marks of, or otherwise pre-pares, any adhesive stamp, with intent use, or knowingly buys, sells, offers for sale or gives away, any such washed or restored stamp to any per-son for use, or knowingly uses the same; (I) knowingly and without

Cser's Initials to Be

on Adhesive Stamps. Sec. 804. That whenever an adhesive stamp is used for denoting any tax im-posed by this title, except as herein-after provided, the person using or af-fixing the same shall write or stamp thereon the initials of his name and thereon the initials of his name and the date upon which the same is attached or used, so that the same may not be again used. Whoever fraudulently makes use of an adhesive stampta denote any tax imposed by this title without so effectually cancelling and obliterating the stamp, except as the fore mentioned, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall pay a fine of not exceeding \$500, or be imprisoned not more than six or be imprisoned not more than six months, or both, at the discretion of

awful excuse (the burden of proof of

such excuse being on the accused) has in possession any washed, restored or altered stamp which has been re-

moved from any vellum, parchment, moved from any veitum, parchiment, paper, instrument or writing; (J) causes, or procures to be done, any acts specified in this section; or (K) knowingly and wilfully aids, abets or

assists in committing any act specified in this section, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000 or by imprisonment at hard abor for not more than five years, or both, in the discretion of the court, and shall also forfeit any such forged or counterfeit stamp, die, plate or other article, and the veilum, parchment or paper upon which it is placed or impressed.

505. That whenever the stamp re-quired by law has not been affixed to my instrument at the proper time any party having an interest therein and subsequently desirous of affixing such stamp to said instrument, or if said in-strument be lost to a copy thereof, may sprear before the Collector of Internal Elevenue of the proper district, who call, upon the payment of the price of the proper stamp and of the penalty of \$10, and, where the whole amount of the tax denoted by the stamp required shall exceed the sum of \$50, on Tayment also of interest at the rate of the carting of per centum on said tax from the day on which such stamp ought to have been affixed the proper stamp to such on which such stamp ought to have been affixed the proper stamp to such instrument or copy, and note upon the margin thereof the date of his so doing and the fact that such penalty has been paid, and the same shall thereupon be deemed and held to be as valid to all intents and purposes, as if stamped when made or issued: Provided further. That where it shall appear to said collector upon oath or otherwise to his satisfaction that any such instrument has not been duly stamped at the time of making or issuing same by reason of accident, mistake, inadvertence, or urgent necessity, and without any wilful design to defraud the United States of the stamp or to evade or delay the payment thereof, then and an such case, if such instrument, or, if the original is required to be recorded, or otherwise duly proven to the satisfaction of the collector, shall, within twelve calendar months after the making or issuing thereof, be brought to the said collector of internal revenue to be stamped, and the stamp tax chargeable thereon shall be used, the said collector may remit the penalty aforesaid and cause such instrument to be duly stamped.

20. 808. That the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall cause to be prepared and distributed for the payment of the taxes prescribed in this title suitable stamps denoting the tax on the document, articles or thing to which the same may be affixed, and

shall prescribe such method for the affixing and cancellation of said stamps in substitution for or in addito the method provided in this as he may deem expedient. The title as he may deem expedient. The Commissioner of Internal Revenue, with the approval of the Secretary of easury, is authorized to procure any of the stamps provided for in this title by contract, whenever such stamps cannot be speedily prepared by the Bureau of Engraving and Printing: but this authority cannot expire on the first day of January, 1917, except as to imprinted stamps furnished under contract, authorized by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue. The adhesive stamps used in payment of the tax levied in schedule A of this title shall be furnished for sale by the saveral collectors of the sale by the saveral collectors. sale by the several collectors of in-ternal revenue, who shall sell and de-liver them at their face value to all persons applying for the same, except officers on employees of the internal revenue service: Provided, that such collectors may all said the light of the collectors. ollectors may sell and deliver stamps in quantities of not less than \$100 of face value, with a discount of 1 per centum, except as otherwise provided in this title.

provided in this title.

bec. 802. That the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall furnish to the Postmaster-General without prepayment a suitable quantity of adhesive stamps to be distributed to and kept on sale by the various postmasters in the United States. Each postmaster shall be held accountable under his official bond as postmaster for the value of the stamps so furnished, and shall deposit the receipts from the sale of such stamps to the credit of any render accounts to the Postmaster-General at such times and in such form as he may by regulations such form as he may by regulations prescribe. The Postmaster-General shall at least once monthly transfer all collections from this source to the Treasury as internal revenue collections: Provided that adhesive stamps shall be sold by postmasters at their face value without discount.

eral districts shall furnish without re-payment to any Assistant Tressurer or designated depositary thereof of the United States located in their respec-tive collection districts a suitable quantity of adhesive stamps for sale. In such cases the Collector may require a bond with sufficient sureties to an amount equal to the value of the adhesive stamps so furnished, conditioned for the faithful return when-ever so required, of all quantities or amounts sold or not remaining on hand. The Collectors shall supply their deputies with sufficient quantities of such stamps and may sell to other parties within their respective districts who may make application therefor adhesive stamps upon the same terms allowed by law or under the regulations of the Commissioner of Inter nsi Revenue, who is hereby authorized to make such other regulations not inconsistent herewith for the security of the United States and the better accommodation of the public in rela-tion to the matters hereinbefore mentioned as he may judge necessary and expedient. The Secretary of the Treasury may also from time to time make such regulations as he may find necessary to insure the safe keeping or prevent the illegal use of all such adhesive stamps.

STAMP TAXES.

Bonds of indebtedness-Bonds, debentures, or certificates of indebtedness fissues on or after June 1, 1917, by any person, corporation, partnership or as-sociation, on each \$100 of face value or fraction thereof, five cents, provided that every renewal or extension of the foregoing shall be taxed as a v issue; provided, further, that when cond conditioned for the repayment of moneys given a penal sum greater than the debt secured, the tax shall be based upon the amount secured. Bonds, indemnity and surety, bonds for indemnifying any person, corpora-

tion, partnership or corporation who shall become bound or engaged as surety, and all bonds for the due execution of performance of any contract obligation or requirement or the duties of any officer or position, and to account for money received by virtue thereof and all others bonds of any description, except such as may

be required in legal proceedings not otherwise provided for in this sched-ule, five cents; provided that where the premium charged for the execution of such bond is in excess of \$100 the tax shall be paid at the rate of one percentum of the premium charged.

Capital stock, issue; on each original issue, whether on organization or re-organization, of certificates of stock by any association, company or corporation, on each \$100 of face value fraction thereof, 5 cents; provided. that where capital stock is issued without face value the tax shall be i without face value the tax shall be 5 cents per share unless the actual value is in excess of \$100 per share, in which case the tax shall be 5 cents on each \$100 of actual value or fraction thereof. The stamps representing the stamps imposed by this paragraph shall be attached to the stock books and not to the certificates issued. Capital stock, sales or transfers; on

all sales, or agreements to sell, or memoranda of sales or deliveries of, or transfers of legal title or certificates of stock in any association, company, or corporation, whether made upon or shown by the books of the association, company or corporation, whether made upon or shown by the books of the association, company or corporation, or by any assignment in blank, or by any delivery, or by any paper or agreement or memoranda or other evidence of transfer or sale, whether entitling the holder in any manner to the benefit of such stock or not, on each \$100 of face value or fraction thereof, 2 cents; provided, that it is not intended by this title to impose a tax upon an agreement evidencing deposit of stock certificates as co deposit of stock certificates as lateral security for money loaned thereon which stock certificates are not actually sold, nor upon such stock certificates so deposited; provided further that the tax shall not be imposed upon deliveries or trans-fers to a broker for sale, not upon de-liveries or transfers by a broker to a customer for whom and upon whose customer for whom and upon whose order he has purchased same, but such deliveries or transfers shall be accompanied by a certificate setting forth the facts; provided further that in case of sale where the evidence of transfer is shown only by the books of the company the state. the company the stamp shall be placed upon such books, and where the change of ownership is by transfer of the cer-tificate the stamp shall be placed upon the certificate, and in cases of agreement to sell or where the transfer is by delivery of the certificate as-ngined in blank there shall be made and delivered by the seller to the buyer a bill or memorandum of such sale, to which stamp shall be affixed; and every bill or memoran-dum of sale or agreement to sell be-fore mentioned shall show the date thereof, the name of the seller, the amount of the sale and the matter or thing to which it refers. And any person or persons liable to pay the tax as herein provided, or any one who acts in the matter as agent or broker for such person or persons. who shall make any such sale or who shall in pursuance of such sale deliver any stock or the evidence of the sale of any stock or bill or memorandum thereof, as herein required, without having the proper stamps affixed there-to with intent to evade the foregoing provisions shall be deemed guilty of a

imprisoned not more than six months, or both.

Produce, sales of on exchange, upon each sale, agreement of sale or agreement to sell, including so-called transferred or scratch sales, any products of merchandise at any exchange or board of trade, or other similar place. for future delivery, for each \$100 in value of the merchandise covered by said sale or agreement or sale or agreement to sell, two cents and for each additional \$100 or fractional part thereof in excess of \$100, two agreement of sale or agreement to sell as aforesaid, there shall be made and delivered by the seller to the buyer a bill, memorandum, agreement or other evidence of such sale, agreement of sale, or agreement to sell, to which there shall be fixed a lawful stamp or stamps in value equal to the amount of the tax on such sale. (Persons

violating or attempting to evade this provision are subject to a fine of

misdemeanor and upon conviction shall pay a fine of not exceeding \$1,000 or

\$1,000, or imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.) No bill, memorandum, agreement or other evidence of such sale, or agreement of sale, or agreement to sell, in case of cash sales or products or merchandise for immediate or prompt delivery which in good faith is actually in-tended to be delivered shall be sub-

ject to this tax.

Drafts or checks payable otherwise than at sight or on demand, promis-sory notes, except bank notes issued for circulation, and for each renewal of extension of the same, for a sum not exceeding \$100, two cents, and for each additional \$100 or fractional part thereof, two cents Conveyance, deed, instrument or writ-

ing whereby any lands, tenements or other realty sold shall be granted, as-signed, transferred or otherwise con-veyed to or vested in, the purchaser or purchasers or any other person or persons, by his, her or their direction, when the consideration or value of the when the consideration or value of the interest or property conveyed, exclusive of the value of any lien or encumbrance thereon at the time of sale and assumed by the purchaser, exceed \$100 and does not exceed \$500 fifty cents, and for each additional \$500 or fraction thereof, fifty cents, provided that nothing contained in this paragraph shall be so construed as to impose a tax upon any instrument or impose a tax upon any instrument or writing give to secure a debt. Entry of any goods, wares or mer-chandise at any Custom House either for consumption or warehousing not

exceeding \$100 in value 25 cents, ex-ceeding \$100 and not exceeding \$500 in value 50 cents, exceeding \$500 in value \$1. Entry for the withdrawal of any goods or merchandise from customs goods or merchandise from bonded warehouse 50 cents.

 l'assage ticket for each passenger sold or issued in the United States for passage by any vessel to a for-eign port or place if costing not exceeding \$20 \$1, costing more than \$20 and not exceeding \$60 \$3, costing more than \$60 \$5, provided that such passage tickets costing \$10 or less shall be exempt from taxation.

11. Proxy for voting at any election for officers or more than \$10.

officers or meeting for the transaction of business, or any incorporated com-pany or association, except religious. charitable or literary societies, or pub-

le cemeteries, ten cents. Power of attorney granting authority to do or perform some act for or in behalf of the grantor, which au-thority is not otherwise vested in the grantee, 25 cents. Provided, that no stamps shall be required upon any papers necessary to be used fo ribe collection of claims from the United States or from any State for pen-sions, back pay, bounty, or for property lost in the military or naval

3. Upon every pack of playing cards containing not more than fifty-four cards, manufactured or imported, and old, after the passage of this act, a tax of eight cents per pack in addition to the tax imposed under existing law

TITLE IX .- WAR ESTATE TAX.

Sec. 900-That in addition to the tax imposed by section 201 of the ac September 8, 1916, as amended: tax equal to ten percentum of its value is hereby imposed upon the transfer of each net estate, the transfer of which is taxable under such section, the value of such estate to be determined as provided in title 2 of such act of September 8, 1916; One-half of one percentum of the amount of such net estate not in excess of \$50,000. One percentum of the amount by which such net estate exceeds \$50,000 and does not exceed \$150,000. 000 and does not exceed \$150,000. One and one-half percentum of the amount by which such net estate exceeds \$150 -100 and does not exceed \$250,000 Two per centum of the an which such not estate exceeds \$250,000 and does not exceed \$450,000. Two and one-half per centum of the amount by which such not estate exsmount by which such net estate ex-ceeds \$450,000 and does not exceed \$1,000,000. Three per centum of the amount by which such net estate ex-ceeds \$1,000,000 and does not exceed \$2,000,000. Three ami one-half per centum of the amount by which such set extends \$2,000,000 and does net estate exceeds \$2,000,000 and does not exceed \$3,000,000. Four pe

centum of the amount by which such net estate exceeds \$3,000,000 and does not exceed \$4,000,000. Four and one-half per centum of the amount by which such net estate exceed \$4,000,000 and does not exceed \$5,000,000. Five per centum of the amount by which such net estate exceed \$5,000,000.

Seven per centum of the amount by which such net estate exceeds \$8,000.000 and does not exceed \$11,000,000. Ten per centum of the amount by which such net estate exceeds \$11.000,000 and does not exceed \$15,000. 900, and 15 per centum of the amount by which such net estate exceeds \$15,-900,000. A tax equal to the value of 1 per centum of the value of the net estate not in excess of \$25,000 (such value to be determined as pro-vided in title 2 of the act of Septem-her \$ 1316 except that the execution ber 8, 1916, except that the exemption provided in subdivision (a) of section 203 of such act shall be \$25,000 in-stead of \$50,000) is hereby imposed upon the transfer of the net estate of every resident of the United States dying after passage of this act.

TITLE X. - ADMINISTRATIVE

PROVISIONS. That there shall be collected, levied and paid in the United States upon arti-cles coming into the United States from the West Indian Islands acquired from Denmark a tax equal to internal revenue tax imposed in United States upon like articles of domestic manufacture; such arti-cles shipped from said islands to the United States shall be exempt from payment of any tax imposed by the internal revenue laws of such islands. Provided, that there shall be levied. collected and paid in said islands upon articles imported from the United States a tax equal to the internal revenue tax imposed in said islands unou like articles there manufactured, and such articles going into said islands from the United States shall be exempt from the payment of any tax imposed by the interni revenue laws of the United States, (The second, third, fourth and fifth paragraphs relate to the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury and the Collector of Internal Payment to the collector of Internal Payment Internal Revenue to prescribe regula-tions for the return of persons liable to taxation under the bill and the requirement that full returns shall be made. A penalty of imprisonment of not more than a year or a fine of nor more than \$1,000, or both, is provided for evasion of the making of returns. TITLE XI.—POSTAL RATES.

That the rate of postage on all mail matter of the first class, except postal cards, shall bereafter be, in addition cards, shall hereafter be, in addition to the existing rate, one cent for each ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards and private mailing or post-cards, when complying with the requirements of existing law, shall be transmitted through the mails at one cent in addition to the existing rate. That on and after June 1, 1917, the zone system applicable to parcel post shall apply to mall matter of the second class, and the rates of postage shall be as follows: Two cents a pound or fraction thereof when for

cents a pound or fraction thereof when for delivery within the eighth zone. Provided that the rate of postage on daily newspapers when the same are deposited in a letter carrier office for delivery by its carriers shall be the same as now provided by law. Frovided further that such copies as are entitled under existing law to free circulation in the mails within the county of publication shall continue to be entitled to that privilege. Provided furtilled to that privilege. titled to that privilege. Provided fur-ther that the Postmaster-General may bereafter require publishers to sepa-rate or make up to zones in such a manner as he may direct all mail matter of the second class when of-fered for mailing. Provided further that second class mail matter mailed to subscribers from an office other then that of publication shall pay the same rate as if mailed from the office at the place of publication. And provided further that in the case interest of religious, educational, philanthropic, agricultural, labor or fra-ternal organizations, not organized for profits and none of the net income of ich inures to the benefit of any pri-e stockholder or individual, the second class postage rate shall be one-half cent a pound or fraction thereof, irrespective of the zone in which delivered except when the same are deposited in a letter carrier office for delivery by its carrier in which case the rate shall be the same as now provided by law. The publisher of such newspapers or periodicals before being entitled to the foregoing rates shall furnish to the Postmaster-General at such times and under such conditions as he may provided further that the Postmaster tleneral, on or before the 16th day of each month shall pay into the general fund of the Treasury an amount equal to the difference between the estimated amount received during the preceding month for the transportation of first and second class mail matter through the mails under this title and the estimated amount which would have been

delivery within the first gone; two cents a pound or fraction thereof when for delivery within the second or third

zone; four cents a pound or fraction thereof when for delivery within the fourth or fifth zone; five cents a pound or fraction thereof when for delivery within the sixth or seventh zone; six

GENERAL PROVISIONS.

received under the provisions of the law in force at the time of the passage

That if any clause, sentence or para-staph or part of this act shall for any reason be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid such judgment shall not affect im-pair or invalidate the remainder of said act, but shall be confined in its to Provide Increased Revenue to Defray the Expenses of the Inc riations for the Army and Navy the Extension of Fortifications and for Other Purposes," approved March 3, 1917, be and the same is hereby repeated. hat unless otherwise herein specifically provided this not shall take effect on

DATES OF HEARINGS

Senate Committee to Begin Discussion of Revenue Bill on Friday.

WASHINGTON, May 8 .- The Senate Finance Committee, upon which next de-volves the task of shaping the Admin-istration war revenue bill, to-day arof newspapers and periodicals en-titled to be entered as second class matter and maintained by and in the May 11, and ending Tuesday, May 15. The following announcement was made by Senator Simmons, chairman of the

"These hearings will be before the full committee and will begin on Friday, May 11. The several industries will be expected to file written statements or briefs with such condemnation as may be consistent with a reasonably compre-hensive statement of the grounds of

complaining or protest.
"In addition to these statements the committee will hear oral arguments from one representative to be selected by the industry affected. The time for presenting oral statements will be limited to half an hour with a few exceptions, but in no case will exceed one hour. It is expected therefore that the prescribe, satisfactory evidence that several industries will select some rep none of the net income of such organi-zations inures to the benefit of any private stockholder or individual. And behalf, "Hearings on Friday will be on first

war income: second, war excess profit tax; third, war tax on beverages. These taxes include distilled and rectified spirits, beer, near beer, wines, grape bran-dies, soft drinks, mineral waters, syrups extracts, &c. Fourth, war tax on cigars cigarettes, tobacco and manufacture thereof. "Hearings on Saturday, May 12, will

be upon first, war tax on facilities fur-nished by public utilities, advertising and insurance; second, war tax on manufactures including automobiles sical instruments, moving picture films, pleasure boats, cosmetics, chewing gum. &c.; third, war tax on admissions and dues. This section has reference to admissions to places of amusement and membership of clubs. "Hearings on Monday, May 14, first,

war stamp tax; second, war estate and inheritance tax; third, postal rates. "If for any reason the hearings on the zone system applicable to parcel post shall apply to mall matter of the second class, and the rates of postage shall be as follows: Two cents a pound or fraction thereof when for That Title I, of the act entitled "An Act until the next day."

Clothiers of FIXED BY SIMMONS Men since 1861



A COMPLIMENT

"You are the hardest people in the country to make clothing for"-said a clothing manufacturer to the chief of the Men's Store a few days ago.

What he meant-as he explained-was that we insisted upon more careful workmanship than any other house.

NEW TOPCOATS

The LONDON SHOP has accepted some light-weight gray cheviot topcoats made in New York, because they are fashioned far above the average. There are three shades of gray in herringbone and plain twill weaves, in two models-(1) with buttons showing, two side pockets with flaps, very smart notch collar lapel; (2) with buttons hidden, \$30 and \$35.

SUITS AT \$35

Eight good-looking patterns, in five models; a 2-button, straight front coat with patch pockets; a 3-button, conservative coat, and one with patch pockets; a 4-button conservative coat, and one with patch pockets. Few custom tailors do better work than has been done in these suits.

PROPER SHIRTS

Shirts with attached collars that are soft and lie comfortably flat-have come into vogue with May. We have a very pleasing collec-tion which stretches from the white madras shirts at S: to the silk at \$5, including cheviots and viyella flannels.

FINE SHOES

Oxfords made on a special last, exclusive with us, approved by one of the most critical judges of good footwear in New York, \$12 pair. In tan Russian calfskin or black French calfskin, selected stock, hand stitched.

UMBRELLAS

REDLEAF, from London: wooden-shanked from handle to ferrule; time-wind-weather-defying: exclusive with Wanamaker's; \$3.50 to \$10.

THE MAIN STORE (street level)

OUR STANDARDS OF CLOTHING

Classic Style Warranted Fabrics Hand-Tailoring Thorough Workmanship Attention to Details Specialized Service Exact Advertising

NEW YORK PHILADELPHIA PARIS LONDON

Keep them in mind JUICY FRUIT HE FLAVOR LASTS

THE UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM



Downtown Traffic Offices Woolworth Building 236 Broadway Telephone Barclay 7481

IN OPENING A TRAVEL BUREAU UPTOWN

and continuing the present

DOWNTOWN **OFFICES**

aims to better serve the needs of the traveling public to and from the West.

Here are found expert travel informants who have made educational trips to the West to study, at first hand, conditions of interest and importance to visitors, to become competent to furnish information and suggestions that will be helpful in planning Western trips.

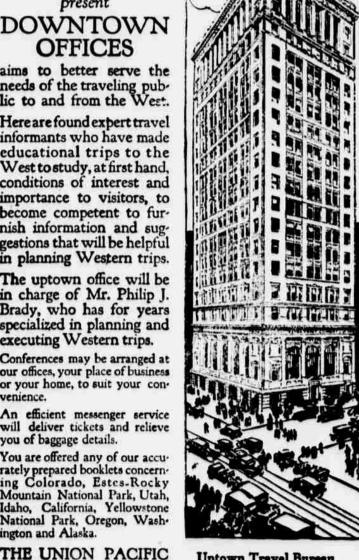
The uptown office will be in charge of Mr. Philip J. Brady, who has for years specialized in planning and executing Western trips.

Conferences may be arranged at our offices, your place of business or your home, to suit your con-An efficient messenger service

will deliver tickets and relieve you of baggage details. You are offered any of our accurately prepared booklets concerning Colorado, Estes-Rocky Mountain National Park, Utah,

ington and Alaska. THE UNION PACIFIC SYSTEM J. B. De FRIEST

General Eastern Abent



Uptown Travel Bureau Astor Trust Building 501 Fifth Avenue, "at 42d" Telephone Vanderbilt 4571

A Tribute to the Lawyer

He argues and pleads for his client's needs He cites and recites till you're dizzy He's keen and he's clean—that's plain to be seen He's brainy, he's bright and he's busy.

Through all his long cases, tho' trouble he faces He's calm and he's cool and he's quiet He says to feel fit there is nothing like IT And by IT he means WRIGLEY'S—just try it!

has won its case — people are for it. Largest selling gum in the world because it's liked by more folks. "AFTER EVERY MEAL."

